"PIONEER" IRISH PRIESTS

OF THE EARLY CLEVELAND CATHOLIC DIOCESE

- Early Irish-born priests and founding pastors ordained by Bishop Rappe and Bishop Gilmour, many of whom are buried in St. John Cemetery. Several priests of other nationalities who are buried in St. John Cemetery are appended.
- Compiled by Margaret Lynch, PhD., Executive Director of the Irish American Archives Society.
- Drawn from contemporary newspaper accounts and profiles contained in A history of Catholicity in northern Ohio and the diocese of Cleveland from 1749 to December 31, 1900, Vol. 2. Edited by Michael W. Carr. Cleveland: Press of J. B. Savage, 1903.
- Special thanks to Phil Haas, Director of Archives, Diocese of Cleveland, for researching and providing photographs.

Pioneer Irish and Irish American Priests Profiled:

Rev. John P. Carroll	Rev. Thomas F. Halley	Rev. Eugene O'Callaghan
Rev. James Conlan	Rev. Edward Hannin	Rev. Francis J. O'Neill
Rev. James Vincent Conlan	Rev John Hannon	Rev. James O'Reilly
Rev. Thomas. J. Conlan	Rev. Timothy M. Mahony	Rev. Mathew A. Scanlon
Rev. John Dillon	Rev. James P. Maloney	Rev. Alexander R. Sidley
Rev. Joseph F. Gallagher	Rev. James Monahan	Rt. Rev. Mgr. Thomas P.
Rev. Walter J. Gibbons	Rev. William McMahon	Thorpe

Addendum: Pioneer Priests of other nationalities buried in St. John Cemetery

Rev. Joseph Brunkala	Rev. Augustus Gerardin	Rev. Francis Westerholt
Rev. Alexis Caron	Rev John Malecha	
Rev. John Daudet	Rev. Andrew Sauvadet	

Background: The Formation of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland

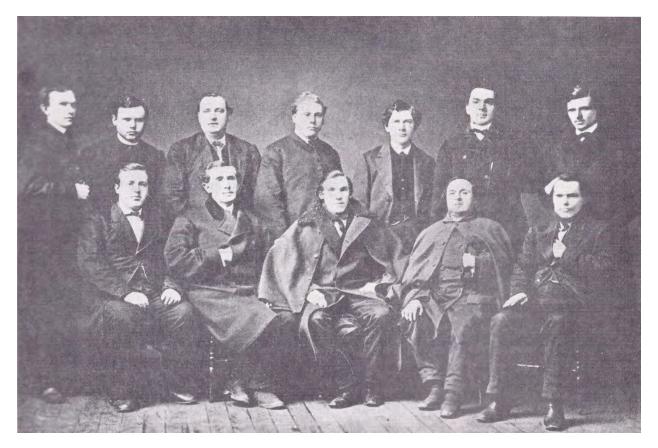
Although the settlement of Cleveland was surveyed in 1796, Catholics first came to the area in significant numbers when Irish workers arrived in 1825 to begin construction on the Ohio and Erie Canal. Itinerant missionary priests served this transitory population at first, sent by Bishop John Purcell from the earlier-established diocese of Cincinnati. Since some of the Irish canal workers chose to put down roots in Cleveland and German Catholic immigrants were also beginning to arrive in the city, Cleveland was assigned its first resident priest, Rev. John Dillon, in 1835. In 1847, the diocese of Cleveland was formed, stretching along the northern edge of Ohio, from Toledo in the west to Youngstown in the east. The French-born Louis Amadeus Rappe was appointed to serve as the first Bishop of the Diocese of Cleveland. Bishop Rappe recruited several French missionary priests to the new diocese. But, not surprisingly, many Irish-born priests were also among the ranks of the earliest diocesan priests.

Some had already been ordained in Cincinnati by Bishop Purcell; others were drawn to the fastgrowing diocese to study in the seminary founded by Bishop Rappe and were ordained in Cleveland. Sharing ethnic origins with their parishioners, many of the early Irish-born priests were in sympathy with the immigrant propensity to want to form "nationality" parishes. Some of the stronger-minded among them were often in tension with Bishop Rappe (1847-1870) and his successor, the Scottish-born Bishop Richard Gilmour (1872-1891), over such topics as parish assignments and the purview of pastors. Led chiefly by the Rev. Eugene O'Callaghan, a group of Irish-born priests formed a study group in the 1860s and 1870s to engage in continuing education on topics of theology and canon law.

Many of the founding pastors of the earliest parishes in the Cleveland diocese were Irish-born or Irish-American priests.

Note: The spelling of names was not standardized until the early 20th century; in the following document there may be variations in the way names are spelled when information derives from different sources. For the entry name for each profile, I chose the most common spelling of the name.

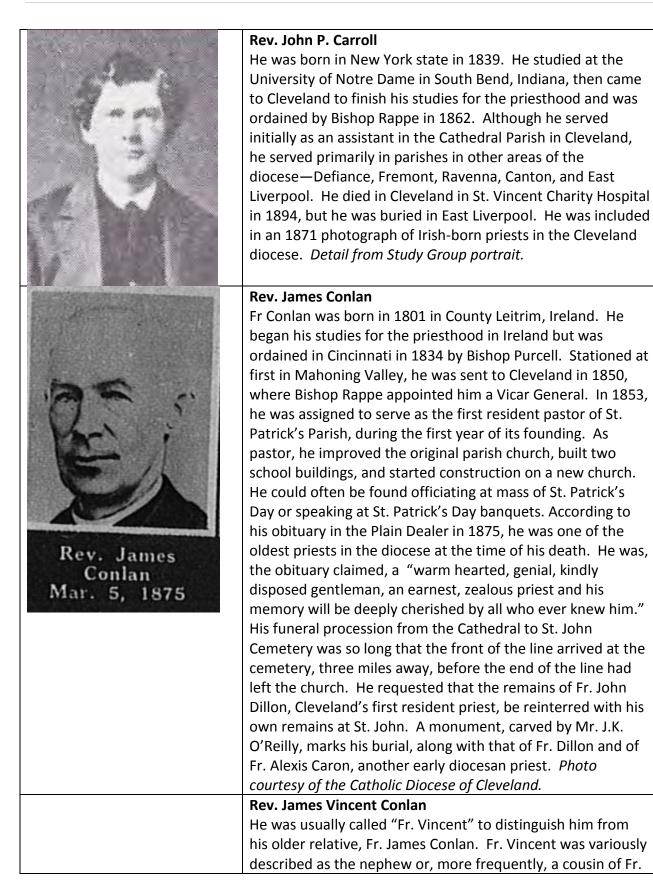
A photograph that most likely represents the study group of Irish priests, as assembled in 1871, has been reproduced by Nelson J. Callahan and William F. Hickey in their volume, *Irish Americans and Their Communities of Cleveland* (Cleveland State University, Cleveland Ethnic Heritage Studies, 1978), p. 157. (*Photo courtesy of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland.*)



Irish-born priests in the Diocese of Cleveland, 1871

Top row: Thos M. Smyth, Ed. J. Mears, Henry Brown, Walter Gibbons. John P. Carrol, Thos. F. Hally, [James] O'Reilly

Bottom row: John Hannon, Robt. A. Sidley [or A.R. Sidley], Eugene M. O'Callahan, James Monahan, James P. Maloney



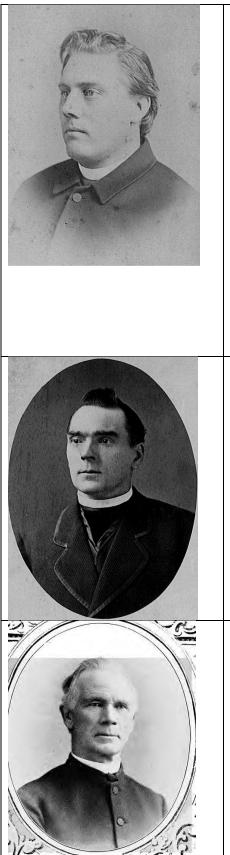
	James Canlan, Hausa ham in 1020 is Callet Laiteir
	James Conlan. He was born in 1820 in County Leitrim, Ireland. He immigrated to the United States in 1849 and was ordained in 1847 in Cincinnati. Early assignments brought him to Canton and Sandusky. In 1855, he was brought to Cleveland to assist Fr. James Conlan in the administration of St. Patrick Parish. Fr. Vincent became pastor of St. Patrick in 1875, after the death of Fr. James. He traveled to Ireland in 1876, in the company of two other priests from the Cleveland diocese, Fr. Walter Gibbons and Fr. Thomas Hally. But in 1877, he asked for a lighter assignment due to ill health and was reassigned to Fremont, Ohio. He died in Cleveland, in St. Vincent Charity Hospital, in 1883. According to his obituary in the Plain Dealer in 1883, he "excelled as a pulpit orator, having a full, clear and rich voice." He was said to have been a "genial" favorite with children. He is buried in St. John Cemetery with two sisters, Miss Bridget A. Conlan, who died
	in 1914, and Mrs. Katherine A. Dempsey, who died in 1922.
	Rev. Thomas. J. Conlan
1 Alexan	A nephew of Fr. James Conlan, Fr. T.J. Conlan was born in
	1846 Columbiana County in Ohio. He was ordained by Bishop
	Rappe in Cleveland in 1869. After ordination, he taught
	philosophy at St. Mary's Seminary and served as an assistant
	at the Cathedral Parish. In 1873, he became secretary to Bishop Richard Gilmour, shortly after the new bishop's arrival
	in Cleveland in 1872. However, he was forced to resign in
SUZ-SARIAN.	1874 due to ill health and suffered from consumption for five
SAN AND	years until his death, at his father's house in St. Patrick
	Parish, in 1879. His obituary in the Plain Dealer in 1879,
	credited him with being "a kind confessor and an excellent
	spiritual advisor." He is buried in St. John Cemetery. Photo
	courtesy of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland.
	Rev. John Dillon
	Fr. Dillon was born in 1807 in County Leitrim, Ireland. He was
	ordained by Bishop Purcell in Cincinnati in 1834, on the same
	day as his classmate and friend, Fr. James Conlan, who was also born in County Leitrim. After serving briefly in the
	Cincinnati area, he was sent to Cleveland in 1835 to serve as
	the first resident priest in the growing town. Before Fr. Dillon
	arrived in Cleveland, Catholics in the area had only occasional
	contact with traveling missionary priests. Fr. Dillon had to
	say mass at first in borrowed or rented space in commercial
	buildings. He set about raising funds for constructing the
	church, traveling to New York to plead for donations from
	more well-established congregations. He did not live to see

the groundbreaking for the church, which would be dedicated in 1840 and would become known as St. Mary's of the Flats. He died in 1836 at the age of 29. He was buried in the Erie Street Cemetery because there was no Catholic cemetery in the city at that time. He was reinterred in the Cathedral when it was dedicated in 1852 and was finally laid to rest in St. John Cemetery in 1875, with, and at the request of, his friend and fellow priest, Fr. James Conlan. According to Harvey Rice, a prominent pioneering Cleveland citizen who helped to organize the public school system, Fr. Dillon "was a scholarly gentleman, polished in manner and an eloquent preacher."



Rev. Joseph F. Gallagher

Fr. Gallagher was born in County Mayo, Ireland, in 1836 and came to Cleveland with his older brothers at an early age in 1847. He studied for the priesthood in both Cleveland and Loretto, Pennsylvania, and was ordained in Cleveland in 1861. His early assignments included stints in Mansfield, Wooster, and Toledo, as well as a brief assignment of a few months in 1870 at the Cathedral Parish in Cleveland. In 1870, he was made pastor of Holy Rosary Church in Newburgh, which would later change its name, with a building of a new church, to Holy Name in 1881. Fr. Gallagher remained pastor in Newburgh until his death in 1886. He was active in Irish societies and also in Father Mathew's Temperance Society. According to his obituary in the Plain Dealer in 1886, he was "zealous in the cause of temperance and education." Catholic total abstinence societies from around the city and the Hibernian Rifles chartered a special train from Cleveland to Newburgh for Fr. Gallagher's funeral. He is buried in St. John Cemetery with his mother and nearby other members of his extended family. Photo courtesy of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland.



Rev. Walter J. Gibbons

Fr. Gibbons was born to Irish parents in Cleveland in 1844. He studied for the priesthood in Cleveland and was ordained by Bishop Rappe in 1867. At various times he taught at St. Mary's Seminary in Cleveland and served at St. Augustine Parish in Cleveland from 1874-75 and 1877-78. He traveled to Ireland in 1876 with Fr. James Vincent Conlan and Fr. Thomas F. Hally. Most of his assignments were outside the Cleveland area, in Maumee Valley, Youngstown, Ravenna, Kent, Toledo, and Bellevue, where he was responsible for building a parish church. He had a special interest in defending Catholic schools and came to Cleveland to preach funeral orations for Fr. James Conlan of St. Patrick Parish and Fr. James Monahan of St. Bridget Parish. He is included in an 1871 photograph of "Irish-born" priests in the diocese of Cleveland. He is buried in St. John Cemetery, in a plot with his parents and several siblings. Photo courtesy of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland.

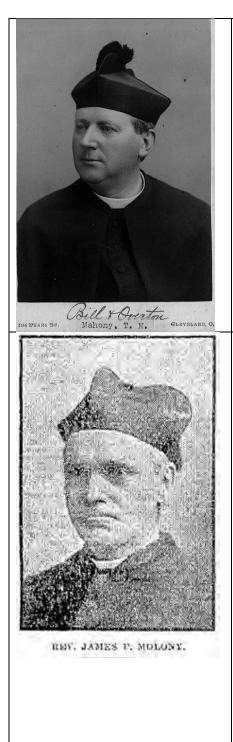
Rev. Thomas F. Halley

He was born in County Wexford, Ireland, in 1833. He began his studies for the priesthood in Ireland, but continued his studies in Cincinnati and Cleveland. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe in 1860 and briefly taught at the seminary in Cleveland. Other assignments took him to Toledo, Grafton, and Norwalk. He is included in an 1871 photograph of "Irishborn" priests in the diocese of Cleveland. *Photo courtesy of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland.*

Rev. Edward Hannin

He was born in 1826 in County Sligo, Ireland. One of 8 children, he received his early education from his parents, and one of his brothers became a priest in Ireland. He took the temperance pledge in Ireland in 1839. He immigrated to the United States in 1849, beginning his studies for the priesthood in Buffalo. He didn't have the finances to complete his studies on his own, but come to Cleveland with a letter of introduction to Bishop Rappe, who was able to help him to complete his studies in Cleveland. Fr. Hannin was ordained in either 1855 or 1856 and assisted Bishop Rappe at the Cathedral and as the bishop's secretary until 1862 when

he was sent to Toledo to organize St. Patrick Parish there. Fr.
Hannin returned to Cleveland temporarily, from 1870-72, to
take charge of the Cleveland diocese between Bishop
Rappe's resignation in 1870 and Bishop Gilmour's
appointment in 1872. Otherwise, he spent the bulk of his
career at St. Patrick parish in Toledo, where he was
responsible for building two churches. He came to Cleveland
from time to time throughout the years, to participate in St.
Patrick's Day activities or to attend funerals and other
occasions relating to fellow priests, such as Fr. T.P. Thorpe's
elevation to the rank of monsignor. At time of Fr. Hannin's
death, in 1902, in Toledo, he was one of few remaining
pioneer priests of Bishop Rappe's time. He was known
particularly for his devotion to and activism on behalf of the
temperance movement. <i>Photo from</i> A history of Catholicity.
Rev John Hannon
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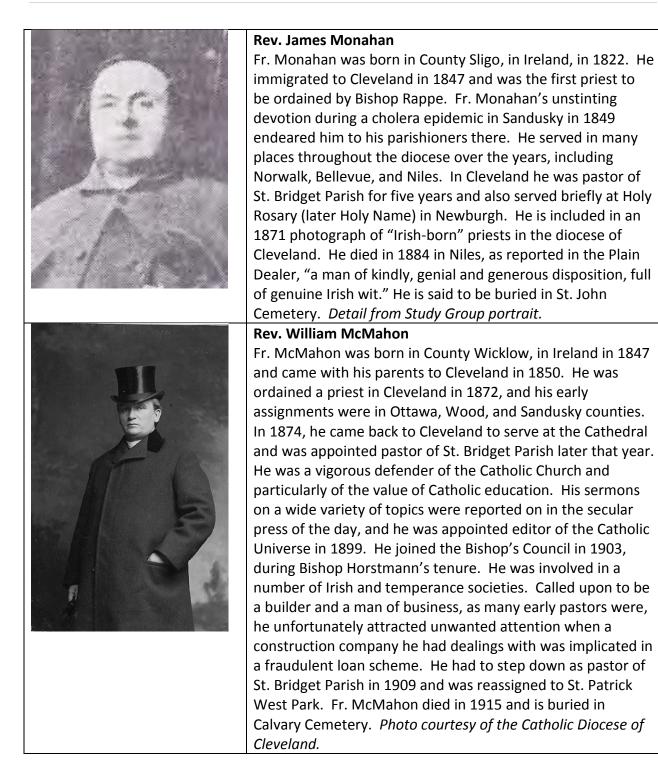


Rev. Timothy M. Mahony

Fr. Mahony was born in Tipperary in Ireland in 1836. He came to the United States with his family at a very young age. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe in Cleveland in 1863 and was assigned to the Cathedral Parish until 1866, when he was sent to Niles and then Akron. He was called back to Cleveland in 1880 to succeed Fr. Eugene O'Callaghan as pastor of St. Patrick Parish on Bridge Avenue, when O'Callaghan was charged with organizing the new parish of St. Colman out of the western portion of St. Patrick's. Known as a prudent administrator, Fr. Mahony finished the construction of the "new" parish church on Bridge Avenue and worked to eliminate the parish's debt. He was active in Irish and temperance societies. He died suddenly in 1889 and is buried in St. John Cemetery. *Photo courtesy of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland*.

Rev. James P. Maloney

Fr. Maloney was born in about 1829 in County Tipperary in Ireland. He studied for the priesthood in Cleveland, where his classmates included Fathers Edward Hannin, Eugene O'Callaghan, and Mathew Scanlan. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe in 1859. He served in Defiance and Alliance before being asked to come back to Cleveland to organize St. Malachi Parish in 1865. While he was raising funds to build the church, in 1866, thieves robbed him of receipts from a fair. He nonetheless persisted and built the parish "from the ground up," as his obituary in the Plain Dealer claimed in 1903. He oversaw construction of the church, which was completed in 1868, a school building on Pearl Street in 1871, a parish house in 1878, and a second school building in 1885. He kept the parish free of debt, and it had grown to encompass 3000 families by the early 1900s. At the time of his death, in 1903, he was the oldest serving priest in the Cleveland diocese and one of the last to have been ordained by Bishop Rappe. He was active in Irish societies and was known for his emphasis on education, proud that 50 parish students had become teachers. He is included in an 1871 photograph of "Irish-born" priests in the diocese of Cleveland and is buried in St. John Cemetery. Photo in the Plain Dealer.





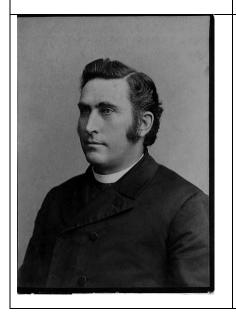
Rev. Eugene O'Callaghan

Fr. O'Callaghan was born in County Cork, in Ireland, in 1831. He began his studies for the priesthood in Ireland and, after immigrating, attended the University of Notre Dame in South Bend, Indiana. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe in Cleveland in 1859 or 1860. He organized parishes and built churches in several locations in the Mahoning Valley, in Youngstown, Niles, and Warren. As the diocese of Cleveland transitioned from the missionary phase of its early formation in 1847, Fr. O'Callaghan clashed with Bishop Rappe about the formation of nationality parishes, the transfer of priests, and the autonomy of pastors. In the 1860s and 1870s, Fr. O'Callaghan frequently convened a group of like-minded Irish-born priests to engage in continuing education on topics of theology and canon law, and he began to submit articles about canon law under a pseudonym to the New York Freemans Journal. In 1877, Bishop Gilmour brought Fr. O'Callaghan to Cleveland to take over the administration of the large and densely populated St. Patrick Parish and negotiated with the pastor to organize a new parish, St. Colman, out of the western portion of St. Patrick Parish. Fr. O'Callaghan oversaw the completion of St. Patrick Church, which had been begun by Fr. James Conlan and Fr. J. Vincent Conlan, then in 1880 he set about to plan and raise funds for the imposing St. Colman Church. Fr. O'Callaghan died in 1901. A champion of Catholic education, and active in Irish and temperance societies, he was honored by the participation of 100 priests at his funeral mass. The Plain Dealer noted at the time that he was "one of the oldest and one of the most prominent Catholic clergymen in the Cleveland diocese." He is included in an 1871 photograph of "Irish-born" priests in the diocese of Cleveland (which very likely represents a gathering of his study group) and is buried in St. John Cemetery. Detail from Study Group portrait.

E. Derter Gloveland, Q.	Rev. Francis J. O'Neill Fr. Francis J. O'Neill was born in County Derry, in Ireland, in 1852. He studied for the priesthood in Cleveland and was ordained by Bishop Gilmour in 1878. Assignments included Kent and Van Wert, Ohio. In Cleveland, he served at Holy Name in Newburgh from 1879-81. He was appointed pastor of St. Mary's in Berea in 1886 and served there until his death in 1903. He is buried in St. John Cemetery. <i>Photo courtesy of</i> <i>the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland.</i>
St. J. Alfingherger Really, Jamesoledo, C.	Rev. James O'Reilly Fr. O'Reilly was born in County Longford, in Ireland, in 1841. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe in 1866. After serving for several years at the Cathedral Parish in Cleveland, and briefly in Lima, he was appointed the first pastor of St. Columbkille Parish in Cleveland in 1871. But the parish was disbanded a year later. Fr. O'Reilly was reassigned to Toledo in 1872, where he served until his death in 1885 after a long illness. He is included in an 1871 photograph of "Irish-born" priests in the diocese of Cleveland. <i>Photo courtesy of the Catholic</i> <i>Diocese of Cleveland</i> .



C.DCCKCR. Scanlon, M. A. Slevelagel, O.



Rev. Mathew A. Scanlon

Fr. Scanlon was born to Irish parents in 1830 in Huntington, Pennsylvania. He began his studies for the priesthood in Latrobe, Pennsylvania, but was ordained by Bishop Rappe in Cleveland in 1859. Fr. Eugene O'Callaghan, Fr. James P. Maloney, and Fr. Edward Hannin were among his classmates in the seminary. After ordination, he served first in the Cathedral Parish in Cleveland. Subsequent assignments took him to Niles and to Akron, where he built St. Vincent De Paul Church. In 1880, he was appointed pastor of St. Edward Parish in Cleveland to take charge of building a new church. Although he is occasionally mentioned in newspaper accounts of the day as being involved in Irish and other community activities, his Plain Dealer obituary notes that he was very focused on the care of his own parish. He died in 1899 after being ill for a year. He is buried at Calvary Cemetery. Photo courtesy of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland.

Rev. Alexander R. Sidley

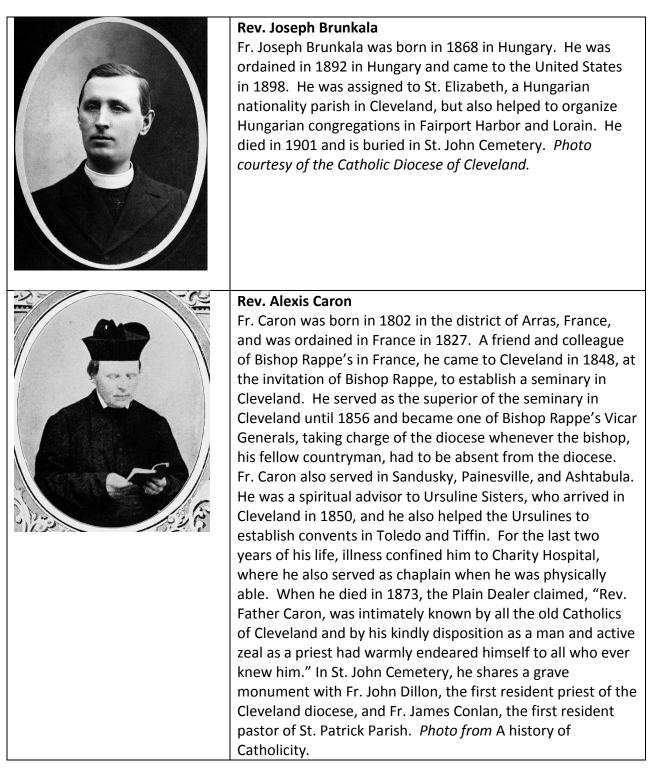
Fr. Sidley was born in Geauga County in 1842. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe in Cleveland in 1865. He took assignments in Niles, Grafton, and Lima. In 1876, he was called back to Cleveland to complete the building of the church and parish house for Immaculate Conception parish in Cleveland, where he served as pastor until his death in 1893. Of Irish ancestry, he was active in Irish and temperance societies. His obituary in the Plain Dealer praised him as "a splendid business manager, an able preacher, a kindly gentleman, an earnest priest." He is buried in St. John Cemetery. *Photo courtesy of the Catholic Diocese of Cleveland.*

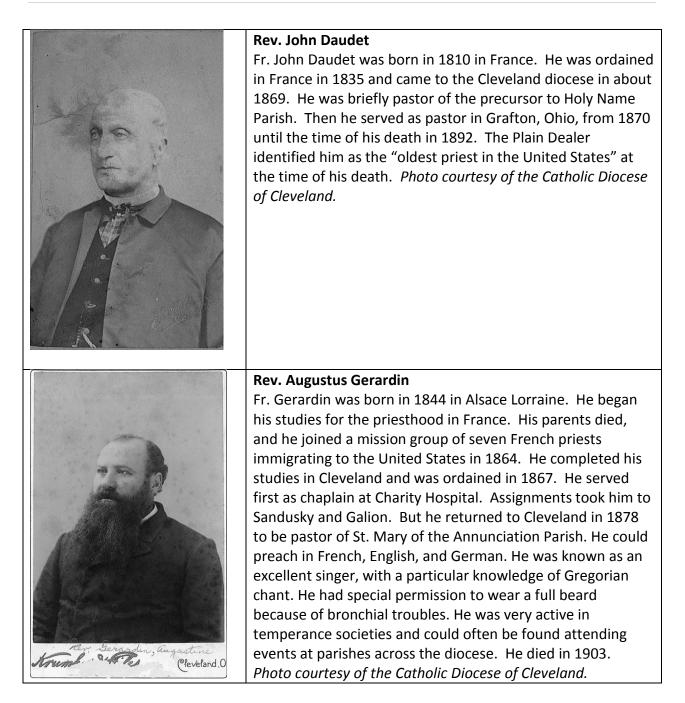


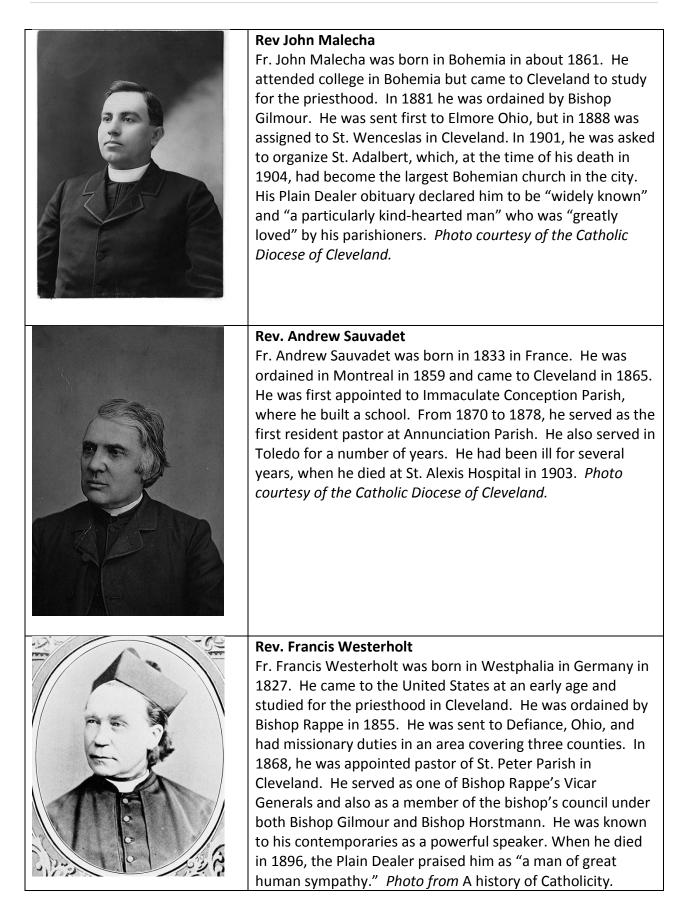
Rt. Rev. Mgr. Thomas P. Thorpe

Monsignor Thorpe was born near Dublin, Ireland, in 1838. He began his studies in Ireland but finished them in Cleveland, where he was ordained by Bishop Rappe in 1861. He was dispatched in his early years to Toledo, the Cathedral Parish in Cleveland, and Norwalk before his appointment as pastor of Immaculate Conception Parish in Cleveland in 1870. He initiated the building of a new church in his six years as pastor, but was then transferred to the Cathedral Parish where he served as pastor from 1876 to 1893. After the death of Fr. Sidley in 1893, Monsignor Thorpe returned to Immaculate Conception, where he remained pastor until his death in 1907. Thorpe served as a member of the Bishop's Council for 27 years, under three bishops—Louis Amadeus Rappe, Richard Gilmour, and Ignatius Frederick Horstmann. He was elevated to the rank of Monsignor in 1891 and was named a Prelate of the Papal Household in 1895. He promoted the launching of a Catholic newspaper, the Catholic Universe, in the Cleveland diocese and served as its editor for three years. He was prominent in Irish societies and causes across the city and in temperance activities. The Plain Dealer paid tribute to him at the time of his death in 1907 after a lingering illness as "one of the giants of the constructive period of the community's growth as a city, having been concerned not only with its moral welfare and spiritual progress, but with its commercial advancement and the furtherance of its material greatness." He shepherded major building projects at both the Cathedral and Immaculate Conception Parishes and was well known as a "magnetic orator" in the pulpit and at such civic and community events as the city of Cleveland's centennial celebration. He is buried in Calvary Cemetery. Photo from A history of Catholicity.

"Pioneer" Priests of nationalities other than Irish who are buried in St. John Cemetery







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